

Module	Timeline	Indicator Code and Learning Target	Vocabulary	Assessment(s) both Formal/Informal	Supplemental Resources
Module 1	45 days (end Nov 6)	<p><u>Numbers to 10</u></p> <p><u>Attributes of Two Related Objects (3 Days)</u> K.MD.3 Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories.</p> <p><u>Classify to Make Categories and Count(3 Days)</u> K.CC.4b, K.CC.4a, K.MD.3 Count to tell the number of objects. I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories.</p> <p><u>Numerals to 5 in Different Configurations, Math Drawings and Expressions (5 days)</u> K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.5, K.OA.3, K.MD.3 Count to tell the number of objects. I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories. Count to tell the number of objects. I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array,</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 group • Classify • “how many” • Zero • One more • 1 less • Equals 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 dot mat • 5 frame • Left hand mat • Numeral cards • Dot cards • Rekenrek • Red/white beans • Unifix cubes (for counting) • Dry erase boards/ markers • Problem sets/exit tickets • Number path • 2 hands mat

		<p>or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p> <p>Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.</p> <p>I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record each decomposition by a drawing or equation (e.g., $5 = 2 + 3$ and $5 = 4 + 1$).</p>			
	Lessons 12-16	<p><u>The Concept of Zero and Working with Numbers 0-5 (5 Days)</u></p> <p>K.CC.3, K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.5</p> <p>Know number names and the count sequence</p> <p>I can write numbers from 0 to 20 and represent objects with those numbers.</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects.</p> <p>I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects.</p> <p>I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects. \</p>			
	Lessons 17-22	<p><u>Mid Module Assessment (3 days)</u></p> <p><u>Working With Numbers 6-8 in Different Configurations (6 days)</u></p> <p>K.CC.3, K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.5, K.MD.3</p> <p>Know number names and the count sequence</p> <p>I can write numbers from 0 to 20 and represent objects with those numbers.</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects.</p> <p>I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects.</p> <p>I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array,</p>			

	<p>or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects. Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories.</p> <p>Working With Numbers 9-10 in Different Configurations (6 days) K.CC.3, K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.5 Know number names and the count sequence I can write numbers from 0 to 20 and represent objects with those numbers. Count to tell the number of objects. I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted.</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects. I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p>			
Lessons 23-28				
Lessons 29-32	<p>One More Than with Numbers 0-10 (4 days) K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.4c, K.CC.2, K.CC.5 Count to tell the number of objects. I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. Know number names and the count sequence. Count forward beginning from any number other than 1. Count to tell the number of objects Count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p> <p>End of Module Assessments (3 Days)</p>			

Module 2	<p>12 days (end Nov 22)</p> <p>Lessons 1-5</p> <p>Lessons 6-8</p>	<p><u>Two and Three Dimensional Shapes</u></p> <p><u>Two- Dimensional Flat Shapes (5 Days)</u> K.G.1, K.G.2, K.G.4, K.MD.3 Identify and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres). I can use the names of shapes to tell where they are by using terms such as <i>above</i>, <i>below</i>, <i>beside</i>, <i>in front of</i>, <i>behind</i>, and <i>next to</i>. I can name the shapes regardless of their direction or size. Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes. I can describe similarities and differences of two- and three-dimensional shapes (e.g., number of sides and vertices/“corners”) and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length). Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories.</p> <p><u>Three- Dimensional Solid Shapes (3 Days)</u> K.G.1, K.G.2, K.G.4, K.MD.3 Identify and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres). I can use the names of shapes to tell where they are by using terms such as <i>above</i>, <i>below</i>, <i>beside</i>, <i>in front of</i>, <i>behind</i>, and <i>next to</i>. I can name the shapes regardless of their direction or size. Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes. I can describe similarities and differences of two- and three-dimensional shapes (e.g., number of sides and vertices/“corners”) and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length). Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Above, below, beside, in front of, next to, behind • Circle • Cube • Cylinder • Face • Flat • Hexagon • Rectangle • Solid • Sphere • Square • Triangle • Match • Sort 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two dimensional shapes • Three dimensional shapes • Problem sets • Exit tickets •
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	<div>Lessons 9-10</div>	<div><div>Three- Dimensional and Three Dimensional Shapes</div><div>(3 Days)</div><div>K.G.1, K.G.2, K.G.4, K.G.3, K.MD.3</div><div>Identify and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres).</div><div>I can use the names of shapes to tell where they are by using terms such as <i>above</i>, <i>below</i>, <i>beside</i>, <i>in front of</i>, <i>behind</i>, and <i>next to</i>.</div><div>I can name the shapes regardless of their direction or size.</div><div>I can identify shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane, “flat”) or three-dimensional (“solid”).</div><div>Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes.</div><div>I can describe similarities and differences of two- and three-dimensional shapes (e.g., number of sides and vertices/“corners”) and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length).</div><div>Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.</div><div>I can classify, sort and count the number objects into given categories.</div><div>End of Module Assessments (2 Days)</div></div>			
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Module 3	<p>38 Days (end Feb 3)</p> <p>Lessons 1-3</p> <p>Lessons 4-7</p> <p>Lessons 8-12</p>	<p><u>Comparison of Length, Weight, Capacity, and Numbers to 10</u></p> <p><u>Comparison of Length and Height (3 days)</u> K.MD.1, K.MD.2 Describe and compare measurable attributes. I can describe an object's length or weight. I can compare two objects using words like "more of"/"less of. <i>For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.</i></p> <p><u>Comparison of Length and Height of Linking Cube Sticks within 10 (4 days)</u> K.MD.1, K.MD.2, K.CC.4c, K.CC.5, K.CC.6 Describe and compare measurable attributes. I can describe an object's length or weight. I can compare two objects using words like "more of"/"less of. <i>For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.</i> Count to tell the number of objects. I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. Count to tell the number of objects Count to answer "how many?" questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p> <p><u>Comparison of Weight (5 days)</u> K.MD.1, K.MD.2 Describe and compare measurable attributes. I can describe an object's length or weight. I can compare two objects using words like "more of"/"less of. <i>For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Balance scale • Capacity • Compare • Endpoint • Enough/not enough • Heavier than/lighter than • Length • Longer than/shorter than • More than/fewer than • More than/less than • Taller than/shorter than • The same as • Weight 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • balance scales • centimeter cubes • clay • unifix cubes • plastic cups
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	Lessons 13-15	<p><u>Comparison of Volume (3 days)</u></p> <p>K.MD.1, K.MD.2</p> <p>Describe and compare measurable attributes. I can describe an object's length or weight. I can compare two objects using words like "more of"/"less of. <i>For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.</i></p> <p><u>Mid Module Assessment (3 DAYS)</u></p> <p><u>Is There Enough? (4 days)</u></p> <p>K.CC.6</p> <p>Compare numbers. I can tell if the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group.</p> <p><u>Comparison of Sets Within 10 (5 days)</u></p> <p>K.CC.6, K.CC.7, K.CC.4c, K.MD.2</p> <p>Compare numbers. I can tell if the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group. I can compare two WRITTEN numbers between 1 and 10. Count to tell the number of objects. I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. Describe and compare measurable attributes. I can compare two objects using words like "more of"/"less of. <i>For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.</i></p> <p><u>Comparison of Numerals (4 days)</u></p> <p>K.CC.6, K.CC.7, K.CC.4c</p> <p>Compare numbers. I can tell if the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group. I can compare two WRITTEN numbers between 1 and 10. Count to tell the number of objects. I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.</p>			
	Lessons 16-19				
	Lessons 20-24				
	Lessons 25-28				

	<p>apart and taking from. I can show addition and subtraction by using manipulatives or pictures. I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way and write each by a drawing or equation (e.g., $5 = 2 + 3$ and $5 = 4 + 1$). I can fluently add and subtract within 5. For any number from 1 to 9, I can find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record the answer with a drawing or equation.</p> <p>Addition with Totals of 6, 7 and 8 into Numbered Pairs (6 days) K.OA.1, K.OA.2, K.OA.3, K.OA.4 Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from. I can show addition and subtraction by using manipulatives or pictures. I can solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10 by using manipulatives or pictures. I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way and write each by a drawing or equation (e.g., $5 = 2 + 3$ and $5 = 4 + 1$). I can fluently add and subtract within 5. For any number from 1 to 9, I can find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record the answer with a drawing or equation.</p> <p>Subtraction from Numbers to 8 (6 days) K.OA.1, K.OA.2, K.OA.3 Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from. I can show addition and subtraction by using manipulatives or pictures. I can solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10 by using manipulatives or pictures. I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way and write each by a drawing or equation (e.g., $5 = 2 + 3$ and $5 = 4 + 1$).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number Sentence • Number Story • Plus • Hidden Partners 		
	<p>Lessons 13-18</p>			
	<p>Lessons 19-24</p>			

		<p>Mid Module Assessment (3 DAYS)</p>			
	Lessons 25-28	<p>Decomposition of 9 and 10 into Number Pairs (4 days)</p> <p>K.OA.3</p> <p>Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.</p> <p>I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way and write each by a drawing or equation (e.g., $5 = 2 + 3$ and $5 = 4 + 1$).</p>			
	Lessons 29-32	<p>Addition with totals of 9 and 10 (4 days)</p> <p>K.OA.2</p> <p>Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.</p> <p>I can solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10 by using manipulatives or pictures.</p>			
	Lessons 33-36	<p>Subtraction from 9 and 10 (4 days)</p> <p>K.OA.1, K.OA.2, K.OA.3</p> <p>Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.</p> <p>I can show addition and subtraction by using manipulatives or pictures.</p> <p>I can solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10 by using manipulatives or pictures.</p> <p>I can decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way and write each by a drawing or equation (e.g., $5 = 2 + 3$ and $5 = 4 + 1$).</p>			
	Lessons 37-41	<p>Patterns With Adding 0 and 1 and Making 10</p> <p>K.OA.1, K.OA.2, K.OA.4</p> <p>Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.</p> <p>I can show addition and subtraction by using manipulatives or pictures.</p> <p>I can solve addition and subtraction word problems, and</p>			

		<p>add and subtract within 10 by using manipulatives or pictures. I can fluently add and subtract within 5. For any number from 1 to 9, I can find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record the answer with a drawing or equation.</p> <p>End of Module Assessment (3 DAYS)</p>			
Module 5	<p>30 days (end June 6)</p> <p>Lessons 1-5</p>	<p><u>Numbers 10-20; Count to 100 by Ones and Tens</u></p> <p><u>Count 10 Ones and Some Ones (5 days)</u> K.NBT.1, K.CC.1, K.CC.2, K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.4c, K.CC.5 Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value. I can compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones by using manipulatives and write an equation (such as $18 = 10 + 8$). Count to tell the number of objects. I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. Know number names and the count sequence. I can count forward beginning from any number other than 1. I can write numbers from 0 to 20. Count to tell the number of objects Count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Say Ten counting by 10 to 100 (ie: 1 ten, 2 ten) • Regular counting by ones from 11-20 • Regular counting by tens to 100 • Hide zero cards • 10 ones and some ones • Teen numbers • 10 and • 10 plus 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50 Sticks or straws • Student Renreks • Egg Cartons • Hide Zero Cards • Manips for egg cartons • Single/Double ten frames • Student Worksheets • Unifix Cubes • Number Bond Template • Personal Wipe Board

	<p>Lessons 6-9</p>	<p><u>Compose Numbers 11-20 from 10 ones and Some Ones; Represent and Write Teen Numbers (5 days)</u></p> <p>K.NBT.1, K.CC.1, K.CC.2, K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.4c, K.CC.5, K.CC.3</p> <p>Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value.</p> <p>I can compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones by using manipulatives and write an equation (such as $18 = 10 + 8$).</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects.</p> <p>I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order.</p> <p>I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted.</p> <p>I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.</p> <p>Know number names and the count sequence.</p> <p>I can count to 100 bot ones.</p> <p>I can count forward beginning from any number other than 1.</p> <p>I can write numbers from 0 to 20.</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects</p> <p>I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p>			
	<p>Lessons 10-14</p>	<p><u>Decompose Numbers 11-20 and Count to Answer “How Many?” Questions in Varied Configurations</u></p> <p>K.CC4c, K.CC.5, K.NBT.1, K.CC.3, K.CC.4a</p> <p>Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value.</p> <p>I can compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones by using manipulatives and write an equation (such as $18 = 10 + 8$).</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects.</p> <p>I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.</p>			

	<p>Lessons 15-19</p>	<p>I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted.</p> <p>Know number names and the count sequence. I can write numbers from 0 to 20.</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p> <p>Mid Module Assessment (3 DAYS)</p> <p>Extend the Say Ten Regular Count Sequence to 100 (5 days)</p> <p>K.CC.1, K.CC.2, K.NBT.1, K.CC.3, K.CC.4a, K.CC.4b, K.CC.5, 1.NBT.1</p> <p>Know number names and the count sequence. I can count to 100 by ones. I can count forward beginning from any number other than 1. I can write numbers from 0 to 20.</p> <p>Count to tell the number of objects. I can count the number of objects, say the number names in order. I can understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted I can understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. I can count to answer “how many?” questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.</p> <p>Compare numbers. I can tell if the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group.</p> <p>Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value. I can compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones by using manipulatives and write an equation (such as $18 = 10 + 8$).</p>			
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Module 6	10 days	<p><u>Analyzing, Comparing and Composing Shapes</u></p>			